

2. *Express its confidence* that the Force will be maintained with maximum efficiency and economy.

Adopted at the 1851st meeting by 13 votes to none.²²

Resolution 381 (1975)

of 30 November 1975

The Security Council,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force,²³

Having noted the discussions of the Secretary-General with all parties concerned on the situation in the Middle East,

Expressing concern over the continued state of tension in the area,

Decides:

(a) To reconvene on 12 January 1976, to continue the debate on the Middle East problem including the Palestinian question, taking into account all relevant United Nations resolutions;

(b) To renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for another period of six months;

(c) To request the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council informed on further developments.

Adopted at the 1856th meeting by 13 votes to none.²⁴

²² Two members (China and Iraq) did not participate in the voting.

²³ *Official Records of the Security Council, Thirtieth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1975, documents S/11883 and Add.1.*

²⁴ Two members (China and Iraq) did not participate in the voting.

Decisions

At its 1859th meeting, on 4 December 1975, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Lebanon, Egypt and the Syrian Arab Republic to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled:

“The situation in the Middle East:

“(a) Letter dated 3 December 1975 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/11892);²⁵

“(b) Letter dated 3 December 1975 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/11893).”²⁵

At the same meeting the Council also decided, by a vote, that an invitation should be accorded to the Palestine Liberation Organization to participate in the debate and that that invitation would confer upon it the same rights of participation as were conferred when a Member State was invited to participate under rule 37 of the provisional rules of procedure.

Adopted by 9 votes to 3 (Costa Rica, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America) with 3 abstentions (France, Italy, Japan).

At its 1862nd meeting, on 8 December 1975, the Council decided to invite the representative of Saudi Arabia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

²⁵ See *Official Records of the Security Council, Thirtieth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1975.*

THE SITUATION IN NAMIBIA²⁶

Decisions

At its 1823rd meeting, on 30 May 1975, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Burundi, Ghana, India, Liberia, Nigeria, Senegal, Somalia and Zambia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled “The situation in Namibia”.

At the same meeting, the Council also decided, at the request of the President of the United Nations

²⁶ Resolutions or decisions on this question were also adopted by the Council in 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973 and 1974.

Council for Namibia, to extend an invitation under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure to a delegation of the United Nations Council for Namibia, composed of the President of that body and the representatives of Bangladesh, Colombia, Finland and Yugoslavia.

At the same meeting, the Council further decided, at the request of the representatives of Mauritania, the United Republic of Cameroon and the United Republic of Tanzania,²⁷ to extend an invitation to Mr. Sam

²⁷ *Official Records of the Security Council, Thirtieth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1975, document S/11705.*

Nujoma under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

At its 1824th meeting, on 2 June 1975, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Dahomey, Romania, Sierra Leone and Yugoslavia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 1825th meeting, on 3 June 1975, the Council decided to invite the representative of the United Arab Emirates to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 1826th meeting, on 4 June 1975, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Bulgaria, Cuba, the German Democratic Republic, Pakistan and Saudi Arabia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 1827th meeting, on 5 June 1975, the Council decided, at the request of the representatives of the United Republic of Cameroon and the United Republic of Tanzania,²⁸ to extend an invitation to the Reverend Canon Burgess Carr under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

At its 1828th meeting, on 5 June 1975, the Council decided to invite the representative of Algeria to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 1829th meeting, on 6 June 1975, the Council decided, at the request of the representatives of the United Republic of Cameroon and the United Republic of Tanzania,²⁹ to extend an invitation to Mr. Abdul S. Minty under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

²⁸ *Ibid.*, document S/11710.

²⁹ *Ibid.*, document S/11712.

THE SITUATION CONCERNING WESTERN SAHARA

Decisions

At its 1849th meeting, on 20 October 1975, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Spain and Morocco to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation concerning Western Sahara: letter dated 18 October 1975 from the Permanent Representative of Spain to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/11851)".³⁰

At its 1850th meeting, on 22 October 1975, the Council decided to invite the representative of Algeria to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

Resolution 377 (1975) of 22 October 1975

The Security Council,

Having considered the situation concerning Western Sahara, and the letter dated 18 October 1975 from the

³⁰ *Ibid.*, Supplement for October, November and December 1975.

Permanent Representative of Spain to the President of the Security Council (S/11851),

Reaffirming the terms of General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and all other relevant General Assembly resolutions on the Territory,

1. *Acting* in accordance with Article 34 of the Charter of the United Nations and without prejudice to any action which the General Assembly might take under the terms of its resolution 3292 (XXIX) of 13 December 1974 or to negotiations that the parties concerned and interested might undertake under Article 33 of the Charter, *requests* the Secretary-General to enter into immediate consultations with the parties concerned and interested and to report to the Security Council as soon as possible on the results of his consultations in order to enable the Council to adopt the appropriate measures to deal with the present situation concerning Western Sahara;

2. *Appeals* to the parties concerned and interested to exercise restraint and moderation, and to enable the mission of the Secretary-General to be undertaken in satisfactory conditions.

Adopted at the 1850th meeting by consensus.